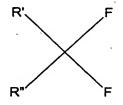
Claims

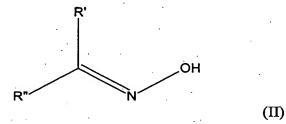
Process for the preparation of a geminal difluoroalkane of the general formula
(I),



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wherein, independently from each other, R' and R" represent substituted alkyl-, aryl- or aralkyl or may be combined by the formation of a cyclic system, characterized in that an oxime of the general formula (II)

(I)



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whereas R' and R" are defined as aforesaid, is converted using a nitrite and a complex consisting of hydrogen fluoride and an organic base.

- Process according to claim 1, characterized in that R' and R" represent C₁ C₈-alkyl or aryl or, in combination with the carbon atom they are bound to, C₃ C₈-alkyl.
- 3. Process according to claim 2, characterized in that R' and R" form a cyclohexane ring in combination with the carbon atom they are bound to.

4. Process according to claim 3, characterized in that the difluoroalkane of the general formula (I) is a difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid ester of the general formula (I'),

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or C_1 - C_8 -alkyl.

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5. Process according to claim 4, characterized in that the difluoroalkane of the general formula (I') is 4,4-difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid ethyl ester.

(I')

- 6. Process according to claim 4, characterized in that the difluoroalkane is 4,4-difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid.
- 7. Difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid ester of the general formula (I') according to claim 4, wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁ C₈-alkyl residue.
 - 8. Compound according to claim 7, namely 4,4-difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid.

9. Compound according to the general formula (II')

(II')

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wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_8 -alkyl residue.

10. Use of 4,4-difluorocyclohexane-carboxylic acid as an intermediate in the manufacture of pharmaceutical products.

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